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# Article in Brief

# The Ministry of Civil Affairs: Our country plans the foundations of the establishment of 83 child welfare bodies for next year

Full text: http://www.mca.gov.cn/news/content/Media/200711783117.htm

Xinhua News Agency, 7<sup>th</sup> November 2007: On the 6<sup>th</sup> reporters learnt at the 2007 Civil Affairs Forum which is currently in progress that next year our country will continue to improve the establishment of child welfare, the National Development and Reform Committee will set up a specialist fund of 130 million Yuan, the Ministry of Civil Affairs' public welfare lottery of 2 billion Yuan, will focus on establishing 83 welfare organisations for children.

Relevant data reveals that, at the end of 2006, social welfare organisations nationwide focused on supporting merely 72,000 orphaned children, less than 13% of the total number of orphaned children. According to the targets of the "Eleven Five" Child Welfare Organisation Construction Plan, at the end of 2010 our country will have basically established relevant independent children's departments in all cities throughout the country which have independent orphan welfare organisations or local social welfare organisations. Establishing child welfare organisations is very arduous task..

## Zhang XiaoJian says that the focal points have been decided: matters concerning workers who are made redundant, university students and the new generation of migrant workers

Full text: http://www.molss.gov.cn/gb/news/2007-11/12/content\_208905.htm

Chinese Government Online, 10<sup>th</sup> November 2007: A three-day working meeting concerning national training in the employment system commenced in Haikou, Hainan Province on the 10<sup>th</sup>. During the meeting, next year's job targets the employment sector were planned. At the meeting, the Vice-Minister of Labour and Social Security, Zhang XiaoJian said that the Ministry of Labour and Social will focus on solving problems regarding arrangements for employees who are made redundant as the result of enterprises which go bankrupt and closedown, the employment problems of university students and the new generation of migrant workers.

So far, the new generation of migrant workers which emerged after 1980 has already surpassed one hundred million people, the change in the employment situation is grim. The continuously expanding group of new generation migrant workers, groups of migrant workers are concurrently working in the construction and the agricultural industries, in the main they have moved out of full time work in the agricultural industry. As more people are coming to the cities and towns attention should be paid to achieving equality etc. for those who are making a living there. Therefore, the Ministry of Labour and Social Security will solve problems which migrant workers have with employment, whilst simultaneously striving to solve problems regarding the needs of the new generation of migrant workers.

#### Shenzhen increases rights' protection for female migrant workers

Full text: http://news.xinhuanet.com/newscenter/2007-11/24/content\_7137547.htm

Xinhua Online, 24<sup>th</sup> November: The Vice Mayor of Shenzhen Municipality, Yan Xiaopei recently held the Guangdong Province's Seminar on Women Entrepreneurs Establishing Harmonious Businesses in Shenzhen. At the meeting he said, in recent years the protection of rights for female migrant workers who come to Shenzhen has been intensified and they have been working hard to establish Shenzhen as the city which is most welcoming to migrant workers. According to a report from the China Youth Daily, Guangdong is the province which attracts the most migrant workers and according to data published in 2005, the migrant worker population in Guangdong already exceeds 16 million people, more than half of which are female workers. They are mainly concentrated in two industries: construction and service. At the end of 2006, there were more than 5 million residents in Shenzhen who were not registered there. In addition, there is also a migrant population of nearly 4 million who live there for less than six months, of which approximately one third are female and one tenth are children.

# Hebei Province has determined many countywide measures to improve the mechanism to safeguard the rights of women and children

Full text: http://www.women.org.cn/allnews/1301/1817.html

China Women Online, 22<sup>nd</sup> November 2007: Hebei Province is determining many countywide measures in order to develop socialist mechanisms to safeguard rights, mainly to improve citizens' knowledge of the law, to supply a comprehensive legal service, to continue to improve the mechanism to safeguard women's rights and to pay attention to improving the results of work to safeguard rights. The "two teams which safeguard rights" have been established, they have realized the "three transformations": at three levels, county, town and village the "two teams which safeguard rights" have established a group of voluntary cadres who offer a legal service which deals with safeguarding rights.

#### 民政部: 我国明年拟重点建设 83 个儿童福利机构

#### 摘自: http://www.mca.gov.cn/news/content/Media/200711783117.htm

新华社,2007年11月7日:记者6日从正在此间举行的2007年民政论坛上获 悉,明年我国将继续完善儿童福利设施建设,国家发展改革委安排专项资金1.3亿元, 民政部部本级福利彩票公益金2亿元,重点建设83个儿童福利机构。

相关资料显示,截至 2006 年底,全国各类社会福利机构集中供养的孤儿仅 7.2 万人,不足孤儿总数的 13%。根据《"十一五"儿童福利机构建设规划》提出的规划目标,到 2010 年,我国将基本实现全国地级以上城市都拥有独立儿童福利机构或在当地社会福利机构中设有相对独立的儿童部。儿童福利机构建设任务十分艰巨。

#### 张小建:重点解决好下岗失业人员、大学生和新生代农民工就业问题

#### 摘自: http://www.molss.gov.cn/gb/news/2007-11/12/content\_208905.htm

中国政府网,2007年11月10日:为期3天的全国培训就业系统工作会议10日开始在海南省海口市举行,会议对明年就业工作目标任务进行了部署。劳动和社会保障部副部长张小建在会议上介绍说,劳动和社会保障部门将重点解决好关闭破产企业职工安置和下岗职工的再就业问题、大学生就业问题和新生代农民工就业问题。

迄今为止,1980年后出生的新生代农民工已超过1亿人,转移就业形势严峻。随着 新生代农民工群体的不断扩大,农民工群体正在由亦工亦农兼业为主向全职从事非农就 业为主转变,由在城乡双向流动向更多融入城市转变,由谋生存向注重追求平等转变。 因此,劳动和社会保障部门将在切实解决好农民工的就业问题的同时,着力解决好新生 代农民工的利益需求问题。

#### 深圳加大对外来女工的权益保护

#### 摘自: http://news.xinhuanet.com/newscenter/2007-11/24/content\_7137547.htm

新华网,2007年11月24日: 深圳市副市长闫小培近日在深圳举行的广东省女企业 家构建和谐企业研讨交流会上说,近年来深圳市加大对"外来妹"权益的保护,努力把 深圳建设成为最受外来工欢迎的城市。据《中国青年报》报道,广东是全国吸纳外来女 工最多的省份,据2005年公布的数字,广东的外来流动人口已超过1600万人, 其中一半以上是女工,她们主要集中在制造业和服务业两类企业中。到2006年底, 深圳有500多万非户籍常住人口,此外,还有近400万居住在半年以下的流动人口, 其中,大概有三分之一是女性,十分之一是儿童。

#### 河北省正定县多措完善妇儿维权机制

#### 摘自: http://www.women.org.cn/allnews/1301/1817.html

中国妇女网,2007-11-22: 河北省正定县以发挥社会化维权机制作用为突破口,以提高公民法律素质为根本,以提供全方位法律服务为切入点,不断完善妇女维权机制,注重提高维权工作实效。目前已建立起"两支维权队伍"、实现了"三个转变": "两支维权队伍"就是建立了由县、乡、村三级维权干部组建的妇联自身法律工作者维权队伍和由公、检、法、司有关人员组建的法律服务志愿者维权队伍。

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